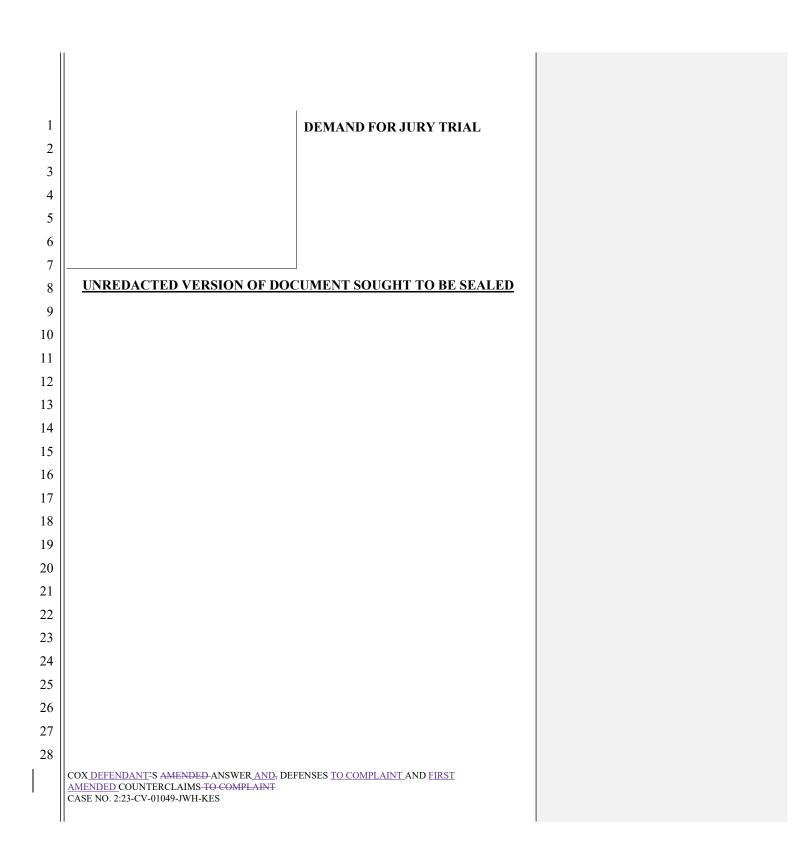
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April E. Isaacson (SBN 180638) aisaacson@kilpatricktownsend.com Toembarcadero Center, Suite 1900 San Francisco CA 94111 (415) 273 8306 Sarah Y. Kanran (SBN 313079) reputate.kilpatricktownsend.com Sarah Y. Kanran (SBN 347617) skamran@kilpatricktownsend.com 1801 Century Park East, Suite 2300 Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733 ADDITIONAL COUNSEL ON LAST PAGE Mitchell G. Stockwell (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Vaibbay P. Kadaba (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Vaibbay P. Kadaba (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Countrey S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Countrey S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Countrey S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Countrey S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cdabiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Countrey S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cdab			
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Sarah Y. Kamran (SBN 347617) skamran@kilpatricktownsend.com 1801 Century Park East, Suite 2300 Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733	5	Rishi Gupta (SBN 313079)	
1801 Century Park East, Suite 2300 Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733 9	6	Sarah Y. Kamran (SBN 347617)	
Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733 ADDITIONAL COUNSEL ON LAST PAGE Mitchell G. Stockwell (admitted pro hac vice) wkadaba(ækilpatricktownsend.com Michael J. Turton (admitted pro hac vice) dabhere (ækilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cleah(ækilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cleah(ækilpatricktownsend.com Tidlo Peachtree Street, NE. Suite 2800 Atlanta GA 30309 (404) 815 6500 Attorneys for Defendants Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications California, LLC UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC, Plaintiff, v. CASE No. 2:23-cv-01049-JWH-KES (Lead Case) COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, Defendants. COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC, and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, TOX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, TOX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT-S AMENDED-ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT-S AMENDED-ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST	7	skamran@kilpatricktownsend.com	
ADDITIONAL COUNSEL ON LAST PAGE Mitchell G. Stockwell (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell(@kilpatricktownsend.com Vaibhav P. Kadaba (admitted pro hac vice) wkadaba(@kilpatricktownsend.com Michael J. Turton (admitted pro hac vice) mturton(@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cleah@kilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cleah@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cleah@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbie	8	Los Angeles CA 90067	
Mitchell G. Stockwell (admitted pro hac vice) mstockwell (akipatricktownsend.com			PACE
Vaibhav P. Kadaba (admitted pro hac vice) wkadaba(akilpatricktownsend.com Michael J. Turton (admitted pro hac vice) mturton(akilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere (admitted pro hac vice) cdabbiere(akilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cdabbiere(akilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cdaba/akilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cdaba/akilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah (admitted pro hac vice) cdabaire (admitt		Mitchell G. Stockwell (admitted pro hac)	
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Calabiere@kilpatricktownsend.com	12	mturton@kilpatricktownsend.com	
14	13	cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com	
15 Atlanta GA 30309 16 17 Attorneys for Defendants Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications California, LLC 19	14	cleah@kilpatricktownsend.com	<u>~/</u>
Attorneys for Defendants Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications California, LLC UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC, Plaintiff, v. COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, Defendants. COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND; DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT	15	Atlanta GA 30309	
Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications California, LLC 19	16	(404) 813 6300	
Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications California, LLC 19	1 17	Attorneys for Defendants	
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 21		Cox Communications. Inc.: CoxCom. LLC	C; and
21 ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC, Case No. 2:23-cv-01049-JWH-KES (Lead Case) 23 V. Case No. 2:23-cv-01050-JWH-KES (Related Case) 24 COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, STRST CALIFORNIA, LLC, STRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT 28 COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS Case No. 2:23-cv-01049-JWH-KES (Lead Case) Case No. 2:23-cv-01050-JWH-KES (Related Case) COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-01050-JWH-KES (Related Case) COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS	19	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
22 Plaintiff, 23 v. COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, 26 Defendants. Defendants. Defendants. COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS	20	CENTRAL DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORNIA
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23 24 25 COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, 26 27 Defendants. Defendants. Case No. 2:23-cv-01050-JWH-KES (Related Case) COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED-ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS	22		(Lead Case)
v. COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, Defendants. Defendants. COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS		Plaintiff,	Case No. 2:23-cv-01050-IWH-KES
25 COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.; COXCOM, LLC; and COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC, STRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS		v.	
26 COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA, LLC'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS COX DEFENDANT'S AMENDED ANSWER AND, DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT		COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.;	COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.,
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AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT	28		COUNTERCLAIMS
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1	COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., COXCOM, LLC, AND COX COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA,		
2	COMMUNICATIONS CALIFORNIA,		
3	LLC, Counter-Claimants,		
4	v.		
5	ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS,		
6	ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC; MAXLINEAR COMMUNICATIONS LLC; AND MAXLINEAR, INC.		
7			
8	Counter-Defendants.		
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20	COX <u>DEFENDANT</u> 2S AMENDED ANSWER <u>AND</u> , DEF	ENSES TO COMPLAINT AND FIRST	
	AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES		

Defendants Cox Communications, Inc., CoxCom, LLC, and Cox Communications California, LLC (collectively "Cox") answer Plaintiff Entropic Communications, LLC's ("Entropic" or "Plaintiff") Complaint for Patent Infringement ("Complaint") as follows:

1. Cox admits that Plaintiff has filed a civil action against Cox purporting to asserted claims for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 8,223,775 (the "'775 Patent"), 8,284,690 (the "'690 Patent"), 8,792,008 (the "'008 Patent"), 9,210,362 (the "'362 Patent"), 9,825,826 (the "'826 Patent"), 10,135,682 (the "'682 Patent"), 11,381,866 (the "'866 Patent"), and 11,399,206 (the "'206 Patent") (collectively, "the Asserted Patents"). Cox denies that Plaintiff's claims have merit and denies that it has infringed any valid claim of any Asserted Patent. Cox denies the remainder of the allegations of Paragraph 1.

THE PARTIES1

- 2. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 2, and therefore denies them.
- 3. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 3 and therefore denies them.
- 4. Cox admits that Cox Communications, Inc. ("Cox Communications") is a privately-owned subsidiary of Cox Enterprises Inc. and is a Delaware Corporation with a principal place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.
- 5. Cox admits that Cox Communications, Inc. ("Cox Communications") has, as its registered agent in Delaware, Corporation Service Company 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware 19808.

¹ For ease of reference, the headings from Entropic's Complaint are used herein. Such use is for convenience, and does not indicate that Cox admits or agrees with any text of any headings re-used herein.

- 6. Cox admits that CoxCom, LLC ("CoxCom") is a subsidiary of Cox Communications, Inc., and is incorporated in Delaware, with a principal place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.
- 7. Cox admits that CoxCom has, as its registered agent in California, Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service Company, located at 2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., Suite 150N, Sacramento, California 95833.
- 8. Cox admits that Cox Communications California, LLC ("Cox California") is a Delaware limited liability company, with a regular and established place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.
- 9. Cox admits that Cox California has, as its registered agent in California, Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC Lawyers Incorporating Service Company, located at 2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., Suite 150N, Sacramento, California 95833.
- 10. Cox admits that Paragraph 10 purports to quote a document, which speaks for itself and is the best evidence of its contents. Cox denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 10.
 - 11. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 11.
- 12. Cox admits that the website of Cox Enterprises, Inc. speaks for itself and is the best evidence as to its contents. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 12.
 - 13. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 13.
- 14. "Manager/member" is undefined and so to the extent that Cox understands the allegations in Paragraph 14, Cox admits that CoxCom is a subsidiary of Cox Communications. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 14, and therefore denies the remaining allegations.
- 15. "Complete control" is undefined and so to the extent that Cox understands the allegations in Paragraph 15, Cox admits that CoxCom is a subsidiary

- 16. "Manager/member" is undefined and so to the extent that Cox understands the allegations in Paragraph 16, Cox admits that Cox California is a subsidiary of CoxCom. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 16, and therefore denies the remaining allegations.
- 17. Cox admits that Cox California provides cable services in at least California. Cox denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 17.
- 18. Cox admits that Paragraph 18 purports to quote a Residential Customer Service Agreement, which document speaks for itself and is the best evidence of its contents. Cox denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 18.
- 19. Cox admits that Cox Communications, CoxCom, and Cox California share a principal place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328. Cox denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 19.
 - 20. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 20.

PRESUIT DISCUSSIONS

21. Cox denies that the intended recipient received the communication that Plaintiff purports to have sent by physical means to Cox on August 9, 2022. Cox denies that the intended recipient received the communications that Plaintiff purports to have sent by physical means to Cox on December 23, 2022. Cox admits that a communication was sent by electronic means on January 2, 2023. Cox admits that it has not responded to the August 9, 2022, or December 23, 2022, or January 2, 2023, communications. Cox denies the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 21.

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- 22. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 22, and therefore denies them.
- 23. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 23, and therefore denies them.
- 24. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 24, and therefore denies them.
- 25. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 25, and therefore denies them.
- 26. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 26, and therefore denies them.
- 27. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 27, and therefore denies them.
- 28. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 28, and therefore denies them.
- 29. Cox admits that Entropic filed a patent infringement suit against Charter Communications, Inc. ("Charter") in the Eastern District of Texas, Case No. 2:22-CV-00125-JRG, on April 27, 2022, asserting the '775 Patent, the '690 Patent, the '008 Patent, the '362 Patent, the '826 Patent, and the '682 Patent against Charter's provision of cable television and internet services, cable modem products and STBs. Cox denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 29.
 - 30. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 30.
 - 31. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 31.
 - 32. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 32.
 - 33. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 33.
 - 34. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 34.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 35. Cox admits that Plaintiff purports to state a claim for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States, but denies that Plaintiff is entitled to any relief for such claim. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 35.
- 36. Cox admits that venue is proper in this Court for purposes of this action and admits that it has transacted business in this District for purposes of this action. Cox denies that it has committed any act of patent infringement allegedly described in the Complaint. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 36.
- 37. Cox denies that this Court has general personal jurisdiction over Cox. Cox admits that it provides cable television, internet, and phone services to businesses and residents in California. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 37.
- 38. Cox admits the presence of a Cox facility at 27121 Towne Centre Drive, Foothill Ranch, California 92610. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 38.
- 39. Cox admits for purposes of this action that this Court has personal jurisdiction over Cox. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 39.
- 40. Cox admits that it has provided certain telecommunications services in portions of the United States and that Cox operates and maintains a network, involving various Cox branded products and services, although Cox denies that any of its services infringe any Asserted Patents. Cox admits that subscribers to certain of Cox's services receive either receivers or set top boxes within this District. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 40.
 - 41. Cox denies the allegations of Paragraph 41.
- 42. Cox admits that it operates one or more facilities or locations in this District, and that Paragraph 42 appears to summarize information available from

- Cox's website, which speaks for itself and is the best evidence of its contents. Cox denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 42.
- 43. Cox admits that Paragraph 43 purports to reference storefronts listed in Cox's website, which speaks for itself and is the best evidence of its contents. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 43.
- 44. Cox admits that certain Cox entities own and/or lease certain premises where Cox stores are located. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 44.
- 45. Cox admits that certain Cox entities employ persons at Cox stores located within this District. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 45.
- 46. Cox admits that it has engaged in business at physical places within this District. Cox denies all remaining allegations of Paragraph 46.
- 47. Cox admits that certain Cox entities employ and/or contract with persons to install, service, repair, and/or replace equipment, as appropriate, in this District. Cox denies all remaining allegations of Paragraph 47.
- 48. Cox admits that stores or service centers owned or operated by Cox contain equipment by which services provided by Cox can be delivered. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 48.
- 49. Cox admits that Paragraph 49 purports to summarize and/or quote portions of a Cox Communications website, which document speaks for itself and is the best evidence of its contents. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 49.
- 50. Cox admits that it has provided certain services and products in this District and in portions of the United States, although Cox denies that any of its services or products infringe any Asserted Patents. Cox denies the remaining allegations of Paragraph 50.

- 51. Cox admits that it will not contest that venue is proper in this Court for purposes of this action. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 51.
- 52. Cox admits that it has continued to conduct business in this District for purposes of this action. Cox denies all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 52.

COUNTI

(Infringement of the '775 Patent)

- 53. Paragraphs 1-52 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein.
- 54. Cox admits that the face of the '775 Patent states that it issued on July 17, 2012, from an application filed September 30, 2003.
- 55. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 55, and therefore denies them.
- 56. Cox admits that Exhibit 1 to the Complaint purports to be a true and accurate copy of the '775 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 56.
 - 57. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 57.
- 58. Cox denies that the '775 Patent is valid and enforceable. Cox admits that by its issuance, the '775 Patent is presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282. Cox denies any remaining allegations in Paragraph 58.
 - 59. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 59.
 - 60. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 60.
 - 61. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 61.
 - 62. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 62.
 - 63. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 63.
 - 64. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 64.

1	65.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 65.
2	66.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 66.
3	67.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 67.
4	68.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 68.
5	69.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 69.
6	70.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 70.
7	71.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 71.
8	72.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 72.
9	73.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 73.
10	74.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 74.
11	75.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 75.
12	76.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 76.
13	77.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 77.
14	78.	Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
15	the truth of	the allegations of Paragraph 78, and therefore denies them.
16		COUNT II
17		(Infringement of the '690 Patent)
18	79.	Paragraphs 1-78 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if set
19	forth herein	1.
20	80.	Cox admits that the face of the '690 Patent states that it issued on 14
21	October 9,	2012, from an application filed December 10, 2009, and is related to a 15
22	provisional	application filed May 19, 2009, and a provisional application filed 16
23	December 1	15, 2008. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 80.
24	81.	Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
25	the truth of	the allegations of Paragraph 81, and therefore denies them.
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		DANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST DUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 11

1	82.	Cox admits that Exhibit 3 to the Complaint purports to be a true and
2	accurate co	py of the '690 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph
3	82.	
4	83.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 83.
5	84.	Cox denies that the '690 Patent is valid and enforceable. Cox admits that
6	by its issuar	nce, the '690 Patent is presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282. Cox denies
7	any remaini	ng allegations in Paragraph 84.
8	85.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 85.
9	86.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 86.
10	87.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 87.
11	88.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 88.
12	89.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 89.
13	90.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 90.
14	91.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 91.
15	92.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 92.
16	93.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 93.
17	94.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 94.
18	95.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 95.
19	96.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 96.
20	97.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 97.
21	98.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 98.
22	99.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 99.
23	100.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 100.
24	101.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 101.
25	102.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 102.
26	103.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 103.
27		
28	AMENDED CO	DANTS AMENDED-ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST UNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 12 -CV-01049-JWH-KES

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104. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 104, and therefore denies them.

COUNT III

(Infringement of the '008 Patent)

- 105. Paragraphs 1-104 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein.
- 106. Cox admits that the face of the '008 Patent states that it issued on July 29, 2014, from an application filed September 10, 2012, and is related to a provisional application filed September 8, 2011. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 106.
- 107. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 107, and therefore denies them.
- 108. Cox admits that Exhibit 5 to the Complaint purports to be a true and accurate copy of the '008 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 82.
 - 109. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 109.
- 110. Cox denies that the '008 Patent is valid and enforceable. Cox admits that by its issuance, the '008 Patent is presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282. Cox denies any remaining allegations in Paragraph 110.
 - 111. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 111.
 - 112. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 112.
 - 113. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 113.
 - 114. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 114.
 - 115. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 115.
 - 116. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 116.
 - 117. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 117.
 - 118. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 118.

1	119. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 119.
2	120. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 120.
3	121. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 121.
4	122. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 122.
5	123. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 123.
6	124. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 124.
7	125. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 125.
8	126. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 126.
9	127. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 127.
10	128. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 128.
11	129. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 129.
12	130. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
13	the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 130, and therefore denies them.
14	<u>COUNT IV</u>
15	(Infringement of the '362 Patent)
16	131. Paragraphs 1-130 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if
17	set forth herein.
18	132. Cox admits that the face of the '362 Patent states that it issued on
19	December 8, 2015, from an application filed February 5, 2015, an application filed
20	August 8, 2013, an application filed April 19, 2010, and is related to a provisional
21	application filed April 17, 2009. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph
22	132.
23	133. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
24	the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 133, and therefore denies them.
25	134. Cox admits that Exhibit 7 to the Complaint purports to be a true and
26	accurate copy of the '362 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph
27	134.
28	COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

1	135.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 135.
2	136.	Cox denies that the '362 Patent is valid and enforceable. Cox admits that
3	by its issuar	nce, the '362 Patent is presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282. Cox denies
4	any remaini	ng allegations in Paragraph 136.
5	137.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 137.
6	138.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 138.
7	139.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 139.
8	140.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 140.
9	141.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 141.
10	142.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 142.
11	143.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 143.
12	144.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 144.
13	145.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 145.
14	146.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 146.
15	147.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 147.
16	148.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 148.
17	149.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 149.
18	150.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 150.
19	151.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 151.
20	152.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 152.
21	153.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 153.
22	154.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 154.
23	155.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 156.
24	156.	Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
25	the truth of	the allegations of Paragraph 156, and therefore denies them.
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	AMENDED CO	DANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST UNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 15 -CV-01049-JWH-KES

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(Infringement of the '826 Patent)

set forth herein.

158. Cox admits that the face of the '826 Patent states that it issued on November 21, 2017 from an application filed November 23, 2015, an application filed July 28, 2014, an application filed September 10, 2012 and is related to a provisional application filed September 8, 2011. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 132.

COUNT V

157. Paragraphs 1-156 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if

- 159. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 159, and therefore denies them.
- 160. Cox admits that Exhibit 9 to the Complaint purports to be a true and accurate copy of the '826 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 160.
 - 161. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 161.
- 162. Cox denies that the '826 Patent is valid and enforceable. Cox admits that by its issuance, the '826 Patent is presumed valid under 35 U.S.C. § 282. Cox denies any remaining allegations in Paragraph 162.
 - 163. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 163.
 - 164. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 164.
 - 165. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 165.
 - 166. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 166.
 - 167. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 167.
 - 168. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 168.
 - 169. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 169.
 - 170. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 170.
 - 171. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 171.

1	172. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 172.	
2	172. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 172.	
3	174. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 174.	
4	174. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 174.	
5	176. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 176.	
6	177. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 177.	
7	178. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 178.	
8	179. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 179.	
9	180. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 180.	
10	181. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 181.	
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12	182. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 182, and therefore denies them.	
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14	COUNT VI (Infringement of the '692 Patent)	
15	(Infringement of the '682 Patent) 182 Paragraphs 1 182 of Cov's Angwar are incorporated by reference as if	$ \cdot $
16	183. Paragraphs 1-182 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein.	
17	184. Cox admits that the face of the '682 Patent states that it issued on	
18		
19	November 20, 2018, from an application filed January 9, 2018, an application filed	
	February 16, 2017, an application filed August 4, 2016, and application filed July 23,	
20 21	2013, and is related to a provisional application filed July 23, 2012. Cox denies all	
	remaining allegations in Paragraph 184.	
22	185. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to	
23	the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 185, and therefore denies them.	
24	186. Cox admits that Exhibit 11 to the Complaint purports to be a true and	
25	accurate copy of the '682 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph	
26	186.	
27 28	187. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 187.	
40	COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES	

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1	188.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 188.
2	189.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 189.
3	190.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 190.
4	191.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 191.
5	192.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 192.
6	193.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 193.
7	194.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 194.
8	195.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 195.
9	196.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 196.
10	197.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 197.
11	198.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 198.
12	199.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 199.
13	200.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 200.
14	201.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 201.
15	202.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 202.
16	203.	Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
17	the truth of	the allegations of Paragraph 203, and therefore denies them.
18		COUNT VII
19		(Infringement of the '866 Patent)
20	204.	Paragraphs 1-203 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if
21	set forth her	rein.
22	205.	Cox admits that the fact of the '866 Patent states that it issued on July 5,
23	2022, from	an application filed March 30, 2021, an application filed June 4, 2019, and
24	application	filed October 24, 2017, and application filed November 23, 2015, an
25	application	filed February 10, 2015, an application filed August 8, 2013, an
26	application	filed April 19, 2010 and is related to a provisional application filed April
27	17, 2009. C	ox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 205.
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	AMENDED CO	DANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST UNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 18 -CV-01049-JWH-KES

1	206.	Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
2	the truth of t	he allegations of Paragraph 206, and therefore denies them.
3	207.	Cox admits that Exhibit 13 to the Complaint purports to be a true and
4	accurate cop	by of the '866 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph
5	207.	
6	208.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 208.
7	209.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 209.
8	210.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 210.
9	211.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 211.
10	212.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 212.
11	213.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 213.
12	214.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 214.
13	215.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 215.
14	216.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 216.
15	217.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 217.
16	218.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 218.
17	219.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 219.
18	220.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 220.
19	221.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 221.
20	222.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 222.
21	223.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 223.
22	224.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 224.
23	225.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 225.
24	226.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 226.
25	227.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 227.
26	228.	Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 228.
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28	AMENDED COU	DANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST UNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 19 CV-01049-JWH-KES

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229. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 229, and therefore denies them.

COUNT VIII

(Infringement of the '206 Patent)

- 230. Paragraphs 1-229 of Cox's Answer are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein.
- 231. Cox admits that the fact of the '206 Patent states that it issued on July 26, 2022, from an application filed January 28, 2022, an application filed March 30, 2021, an application filed June 4, 2019, and application filed October 24, 2017, an application filed November 23, 2015, an application filed February 10, 2015, an application filed August 8, 2013, an application filed April 19, 2010 and is related to a provisional application filed April 17, 2009. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 231.
- 232. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 232, and therefore denies them.
- 233. Cox admits that Exhibit 15 to the Complaint purports to be a true and accurate copy of the '206 Patent. Cox denies all remaining allegations in Paragraph 233.
 - 234. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 234.
 - 235. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 235.
 - 236. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 236.
 - 237. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 237.
 - 238. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 238.
 - 239. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 239.
 - 240. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 240.
 - 241. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 241.
 - 242. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 242.

243. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 243. 1 2 244. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 244. 3 245. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 245. 4 246. Cox denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 246. 5 247. Cox is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to 6 the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 247, and therefore denies them. 7 **RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S JURY DEMAND** 8 248. Cox admits that Entropic demands a trial by jury on all issues triable by 9 right, and a response is not required. 10 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 249. Cox denies that Entropic is entitled to any relief, including, but not 11 limited to, any relief sought in the Complaint. To the extent that Entropic's Prayer for 12 13 Relief contains any factual allegations, Cox denies them. 14 **DEFENSES** 15 250. Cox incorporates herein by reference the admissions, allegations, and 16 denials contained in its Answer above as if fully set forth herein. Without assuming any burden that it would not otherwise bear and without reducing Entropic's burden 17 on any of the claims in the Complaint, Cox states the following defenses to the claims 18 19 in the Complaint. Cox reserves the right to amend its affirmative defenses and to add 20 additional affirmative defenses, including, but not limited to, any defenses revealed 21 during discovery. 22 **First Defense** 23 (Failure to State a Claim) 251. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim upon which relief can be 24 25 granted and/or fails to plead factual allegations with sufficiency and particularity required to state a plausible claim. 26 27 28 COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 21

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Second Defense

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(Non-Infringement)

252. Cox does not infringe and has not infringed, directly or indirectly, any valid and enforceable claim of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,223,775, 8,284,690, 8,792,008, 9,210,362, 9,825,826, 10,135,682, 11,381,866, and 11,399,206 (collectively, the "Asserted Patents").

Third Defense

(Invalidity)

253. The claims of the Asserted Patents are invalid for failure to comply with one or more of the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103, and 112.

Fourth Defense

(Prosecution Estoppel)

254. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, under the doctrine of prosecution estoppel, by admissions, representations, statements, or actions taken during the prosecution of the patent applications that ultimately issued as the Asserted Patents, and/or by representations or actions taken during post-grant proceedings before the USPTO involving the Asserted Patents.

Fifth Defense

(Equitable Doctrines)

255. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred in whole or in part by the equitable doctrines of prosecution laches, unclean hands, estoppel, *in part delicto*, waiver, acquiescence, and/or other equitable doctrines.

Sixth Defense

(Release, License, or Exhaustion)

256. Plaintiff's claims for relief against Cox are barred in whole or in part by release, license, or exhaustion, express or implied, and/or restrictions on double recovery. Plaintiff's claims for relief against Cox are barred in whole or in part to the

extent that Plaintiff and/or its predecessors in interest granted rights in the Asserted 1 2 Patents to Cox, Cox's affiliates, and/or Cox's vendors and/or business partners. 3 **Seventh Defense** 4 (Limitations of Remedies) 5 257. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred in whole or in part by the 6 provisions of 35 U.S.C. §§ 286 and/or 288. 7 **Eighth Defense** 8 (Necessary Parties) 9 258. There are additional and necessary parties that must be joined in this 10 action, including to the extent that Plaintiff lacks all right, title and interest in the 11 Asserted Patents. 12 Ninth Defense 13 (Not an Exceptional Case) 14 259. Cox has engaged in good faith in all activities accused of infringement in 15 Plaintiff's Complaint, thereby precluding Plaintiff, even if it prevails, from recovering attorney fees and/or costs under 35 U.S.C. § 285. 16 17 **Tenth Defense** (No Enhanced Damages) 18 19 260. Plaintiff is not entitled to enhanced damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284, at least because Plaintiff has failed to show, and cannot show, that any infringement has 20 21 been willful and/or egregious because Cox has not engaged in any conduct that meets 22 the applicable standard for willful infringement. 23 **Eleventh Defense** 24 (Lack of Standing) 25 261. 261. Plaintiff lacks standing to bring, or maintain, this lawsuit in connection with the Asserted Patents, including to the extent that Plaintiff did not, or 26 27 28 ${\tt COX} \underline{{\tt 'S}} \underline{{\tt DEFENDANTS}} \, \underline{{\tt AMENDED}} \underline{{\tt ANSWER}}, \underline{{\tt AND}} \, \underline{{\tt DEFENSES}} \underline{{\tt TO}} \, \underline{{\tt COMPLAINT}}, \underline{{\tt AND}} \, \underline{{\tt FIRST}}$ AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

does not, hold sufficient exclusionary rights under, or all substantial rights, title, and interest to, any of the Asserted Patents.

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Twelfth Defense

(Failure to Mark)

262. To the extent that Plaintiff, its alleged predecessors in interest to the Asserted Patents, and any and all licensees of the Asserted Patents failed to properly mark any of their relevant products as required by 35 U.S.C. § 287 or otherwise give proper notice that Cox's actions allegedly infringed the Asserted Patents, Cox is not liable to Plaintiff for the acts alleged to have been performed before receiving actual notice that it was allegedly infringing the Asserted Patents.

Thirteenth Defense

(Failure to Comply with FRAND Terms)

263. Plaintiff is estopped or contractually barred from demanding relief that is inconsistent with its obligation to offer a license on terms that are fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory, as to any Asserted Patents that are enforceable, valid, and standard essential.

Fourteenth Defense

(Misuse)

264. Plaintiff has engaged in patent misuse that renders the Asserted Patents unenforceable. Specifically, it has engaged in activities with respect to the patents being asserted in this action in a manner that is anticompetitive and improperly broadens the scope of the right to enforce the Asserted Patents. Such actions include attempting to extend the scope of one or more of the Asserted Patents to permit Plaintiff to attempt to obtain remedies that they would otherwise not be entitled to under the applicable policies of standards organizations, such as MoCA.

Fifteenth Defense

(Waiver)

265. As to any Asserted Patents that are enforceable, valid, and standard essential, Plaintiff has waived any right to claim any recovery that is not FRAND-compliant under the policies of the applicable standards organization, such as MoCA.

Sixteenth Defense

(Additional Defenses)

266. Cox reserves all affirmative defenses under Rule 8(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Patent Laws of the United States, and any other defenses, at law or in equity, that may not exist or in the future be available based on discovery or further factual investigation in this case.

COUNTERCLAIMS

<u>267.</u> This case involves assertion of one or more patents that may be owned by a party other than Plaintiff, including at least MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC (collectively, "MaxLinear"). Independently, MaxLinear has sought to avoid encumbrances on its patents, including royalty-free, perpetual and irrevocable licenses granted to practice patents applicable to certain standards. MaxLinear accordingly breached its contractual obligations and unjustly enriched itself by participating in certain standards development activities. Plaintiff induced those breaches and is, accordingly, liable for its conduct.

267.268. Plaintiff has admitted, or made assertions in its Complaint and in its infringement contentions that reasonably suggest, that one or more of the Asserted Patents contain claims essential to compliance with Data Over Cable Service Interface Specifications ("DOCSIS") standards. Because one or more of the Asserted Patents contain claims essential to DOCSIS specifications, any and all such patents are subject to a royalty—free license that bars suit upon same. MaxLinear, however, breached its obligations under the DOCSIS License Agreement and Plaintiff induced such breaches. Cox accordingly seeks relief for those and related actions.

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COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

Parties, Jurisdiction and Venue

268.269. Cox Communications, Inc. ("Cox Communications") is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.

269.270. CoxCom, LLC ("CoxCom") is a Delaware limited liability company, with a principal place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.

270-271. Cox Communications California, LLC ("Cox California") is a Delaware limited liability company, with a regular and established place of business at 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.

271.272. Counterclaim plaintiffs are Cox Communications, CoxCom and Cox California (collectively, "Cox").

<u>272.273.</u> MaxLinear, Inc. is a Delaware corporation, with a principal place of business at 5966 La Place Court Suite 100, Carlsbad, CA.

273.274. On April 30, 2015, Entropic Communications, Inc. merged with and into Excalibur Subsidiary, LLC (a subsidiary of MaxLinear, Inc.), with the surviving entity being Excalibur Subsidiary, LLC. At the same time, Excalibur Subsidiary, LLC changed its name to Entropic Communications, LLC. On February 20, 2018, Entropic Communications, LLC then changed its name to MaxLinear Communications LLC.

274.275. MaxLinear Communications LLC is an affiliate of MaxLinear, Inc., and is a Delaware limited liability company with a principal place of business at 5966 LA Place Ct Ste 100, Carlsbad, CA 92008. Collectively, MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC are referred to as "MaxLinear."

275.276. Entropic Communications, LLC ("Entropic") is the Plaintiff in this action and is unaffiliated with MaxLinear. The Counterclaim defendants are Entropic, MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC.

276.277. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Cox's counterclaims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 because, as set forth below, the claims are so related to the claim(s) over which the Court has original jurisdiction that the claims form part of the same case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution. Cox's declaratory judgment counterclaim arises under Title 35 of the United States Code and the Court has subject matter jurisdiction over that claim under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338, 2201, and 2202.

<u>277.278.</u> Entropic filed its Complaint in this matter in this Court, thereby submitting itself to this Court's personal jurisdiction.

278.279. This Court has general personal jurisdiction over MaxLinear because it conducts systematic and regular business within the State of California by, inter alia providing digital, high-performance analog and mixed-signal integrated circuits and software solutions, as well as systems-on-chip solutions used for broadband, mobile and wireline infrastructure, data center, and industrial and multi-market applications.

<u>279-280.</u> Upon information and belief, MaxLinear maintains a regular and established place of business within this district at 50 Parker, Irvine, CA 92618.

280.281. Venue for these counterclaims is proper in this Court pursuant to at least 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)(1) and 1391(c)(2) because Entropic filed its claims against Cox in this federal judicial district.

MaxLinear's Involvement in CableLabs and DOCSIS

281.282. Cable Television Laboratories, Inc. ("CableLabs") is a non-profit research and development consortium that is a "leading innovation and R&D lab for the cable industry." CableLabs was formed by, among others, cable companies like Cox that operate multiple cable systems and cable operators continue to be member organizations in CableLabs. CableLabs does not itself deploy, purchase and use cable

² https://www.cablelabs.com/

equipment in multiple cable systems like the cable operators. CableLabs instead evaluates new technologies and develops common specifications for interoperability to help drive the scale of cable equipment and reduce costs for cable operators like Cox and their customers.

282.283. CableLabs develops and publishes various specifications and standards, including the Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification ("DOCSIS"). Multiple entities participate in developing the specifications, which aim to benefit cable operators. For example, the DOCSIS 3.1 specification states that it "is the result of a cooperative effort undertaken at the direction of Cable Television Laboratories, Inc. for the benefit of the cable industry and its customers" and further explains in Section 1.1 that the "specification was developed for the benefit of the cable industry, and includes contributions by operators and vendors from North and South America, Europe, China and other regions."

283.284. Vendors of cable equipment may participate in the development of CableLabs' specifications through a variety of processes.³ By executing a confidentiality agreement, vendors can access non-public documents, including Draft_draft_Specificationsspecifications, technical papers and documentation, software code, notices, and announcements. Any vendor with interest or expertise can also join the relevant working groups that develop the relevant specifications. As CableLabs explains,

In order to facilitate widespread implementation of CableLabs Specifications, and reduce overall costs for Vendors, Cable Operators, and consumers, CableLabs has established Contribution Agreements (also referred to as IPR Agreements) for each family of CableLabs Specifications—DOCSIS (data), PacketCable (voice), and OpenCable (video). DPoE, EPOC, Metadata, and other projects also have similar

https://www.cablelabs.com/become-a-vendor/suppliers-how-to-engage#

Contribution Agreements. The Contribution Agreements provide Technology Vendors with either a royalty-free grant of necessary intellectual property, or a reasonable and non-discriminatory obligation to license necessary intellectual property, from all other Contributors, as the case may be per agreement. Likewise, to participate in the Working Group, a Vendor must make reciprocal commitments to all other Contributors by signing the Contribution Agreement.⁴

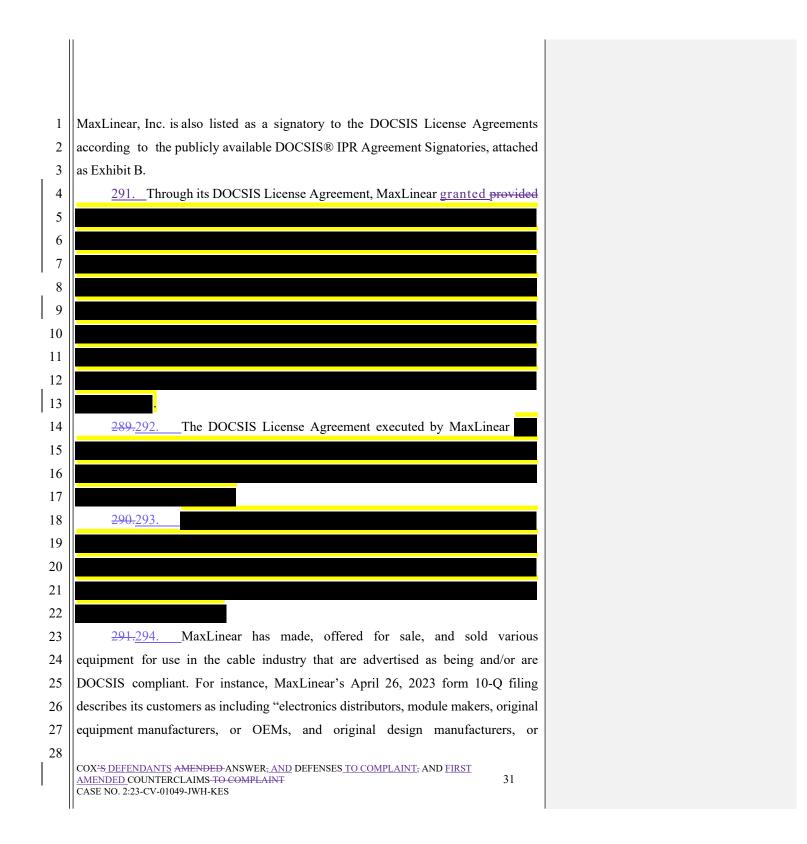
284.285. MaxLinear was aware of CableLabs objectives and even executed applicable NDAs and a Contribution Agreement in the case of DOCSIS. As a result, MaxLinear received, among other benefits, the ability to see confidential information concerning the draft specifications, participate in the process of developing draft specifications, learn and understand the direction of technology for the cable industry, position its own products and services to market to the cable industry, and make, market, and sell its DOCSIS compliant products to the cable industry.

285.286. The Contribution Agreement in the case of DOCSIS created a royalty-free pool for intellectual property rights essential to the DOCSIS standards. Specifically, companies that have signed a DOCSIS license agreement ("DOCSIS Licensors") granted CableLabs a non-transferable, worldwide, non-exclusive, royalty-free license, with the right to sublicense, to all current and future patents owned by the licensor or its affiliates essential for compliance with DOCSIS specifications. In return, DOCSIS Licensors obtained from CableLabs a non-transferable worldwide, non-exclusive, royalty-free license under all patents CableLabs had the right to license or sublicense to the extent necessary for compliance with the DOCSIS specifications.⁵

⁴ https://www.cablelabs.com/become-a-vendor/suppliers-how-to-engage# 5 https://www.cablelabs.com/blog/patents-and-licensing-why-it-matters

1 MaxLinear, Inc. is one of multiple vendors to have executed 286.287. 2 a DOCSIS License Agreement, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A. The 3 DOCSIS License Agreements recite that they were created so that CableLabs could 4 5 6 7 8 9 Id. The DOCSIS License Agreement 10 bound MaxLinear, Inc. to the intellectual property rights policies and the assignment 11 12 terms set forth in the Agreement. 13 288. The DOCSIS License Agreements were intended to benefit Cox, which could purchase and use manufactured products compliant with DOCSIS free of any 14 15 patent claims. Other vendors from which Cox purchases DOCSIS-compliant 16 287.289. hardware and software are also DOCSIS Licensors. For example, Cox, or its 17 customers, purchase and use equipment from Samsung Electronics Co., Systems, 18 Inc ("Cisco"), and ARRIS Group, Inc., and/or their relevant predecessors and 19 20 successors. These suppliers are signatories to the DOCSIS License Agreement, as 21 demonstrated in Exhibit B, which is a true and correct copy of CableLabs' list of 22 DOCSIS® IPR Agreement Signatories. 23 __Cox's suppliers, in turn, purchase components from other DOCSIS signatories that supply systems on a chip, like Broadcom Corporation 24 25 or Intel Corporation, who are also signatories to the DOCSIS License Agreement. The equipment Cox obtains or uses from these suppliers and DOCSIS 26 27 Licensors complies with and/or is certified to comply with DOCSIS Specifications. 28 COX'S <u>DEFENDANTS</u> <u>AMENDED</u>-ANSWER<u>, AND</u> <u>DEFENSES</u> <u>TO COMPLAINT</u>, AND <u>FIRST</u> AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 30

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ODMs, who incorporate the Company's products in a wide range of electronic devices, including cable Data Over Cable Service Interface Specifications (DOCSIS)."

MaxLinear made representations that stressed MaxLinear's commitments to ensuring it complied with the relevant standards rules because its "products and operations are also subject to the rules of industrial standards bodies." Likewise, MaxLinear's represented that its "products must conform to industry standards in order to be accepted by end users," and because its "products comprise only a part or parts of a communications device" and "[a]ll components of these devices must uniformly comply with industry standards in order to operate efficiently together," it was important for MaxLinear to remain in compliance with the standards and standards bodies like CableLabs and DOCSIS.

292-295. By executing the DOCSIS License Agreements, representing itself as a sumplier of DOCSIS equipment and therefore a "licensor" to the DOCSIS

292.295. By executing the DOCSIS License Agreements, representing itself as a supplier of DOCSIS equipment and therefore a "licensor" to the DOCSIS License Agreements, and/or by promoting DOCSIS compliance of its equipment, MaxLinear obtained the benefit of joining the DOCSIS patent pool, including the ability to develop, market, and sell products that were compatible with DOCSIS specifications. Those actions, as well as its representation that it would abide by standards rules due to the critical nature of such standards to its business, and its offers of DOCSIS compliant products were all intended to entice vendors and customers to believe that MaxLinear intended fully to honor its commitments under the DOCSIS License Agreement. As detailed below, however, such representations were false, misleading and mistaken.

6 <u>See</u> https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1288469/000128846918000006/a12311710-k.htm

COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

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The Improper Efforts to Transfer Free the Patents Free of Encumbrances to Bring this Suit 296. Unknown to Cox, in 2021, each of MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC negotiated and entered into a secret "Patent Purchase Agreement" with Plaintiff that s. 297.

298.

293.299. Plaintiff Entropic asserts in its Complaint, at ¶3, that it "is the owner by assignment to all right, title, and interest to the Patents-in-Suit" and "is the successor- in-interest for the Patents-in-Suit."

294.300. Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of the assignment agreement between MaxLinear, Inc. and Plaintiff Entropic executed on March 31, 2021 and filed with the U.S. Patent Office (hereafter "Plaintiff's First Assignment"). Exhibit C purports to assign to Entropic the '008, '362, '826, and '682 Patents, as well as the continuations of patents assigned therein, including the '206 and '866 Patents. Exhibit C is the last assignment applicable to the above-identified Asserted Patents to have been filed in the U.S. Patent Office before the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint.

Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of the assignment agreement between MaxLinear Communications LLC. and Plaintiff Entropic executed on March 31, 2021 and filed with the U.S. Patent Office (hereafter "Plaintiff's Second Assignment"). Exhibit D purports to assign the '775 and '690 Patents to Entropic and is the last assignment applicable to the '775 and '690 Asserted Patents to have been filed in the U.S. Patent Office before the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint. Plaintiff is not and, since its formation, has not been, affiliated 296.302. with MaxLinear. Plaintiff knew of MaxLinear's contractual and public commitments to DOCSIS and that MaxLinear Plaintiff's knowledge is based on at least the foregoing: MaxLinear publicly noted its membership in DOCSIS, CableLabs maintained a website that publicly explains the DOCSIS license terms, CableLabs' website likewise lists entities including MaxLinear Inc. as well as various Cox suppliers that had executed the DOCSIS License Agreement, at least some of the Asserted Patents expressly reference and/or implicate the DOCSIS standards, Furthermore, before filing this suit, on information and belief, Plaintiff reviewed the DOCSIS standards and the relevant DOCSIS license terms, which appear on the same website that makes the standards publicly available, and Plaintiff's review occurred at least in connection with preparing its Complaint and sending correspondence to Cox in 2022 claiming Plaintiff owned patents essential to various "relevant standards bodies." COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 34

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297.303. Before <u>Plaintiff</u> fileding its Complaint, <u>MaxLinear knew and</u> Plaintiff knew, or should have known, that (a) DOCSIS specifications were relied upon in the cable industry by equipment makers from whom Cox purchased or used equipment; (b) MaxLinear and other DOCSIS equipment suppliers had made contractual commitments to CableLabs and that MaxLinear was bound by relevant DOCSIS License Agreements and (c) that Cox was a beneficiary of the DOCSIS License Agreements.

304. Based on the averments in Plaintiff's Complaint and if Plaintiff's averments are substantiated, one or more of the Asserted Patents are essential to compliance with the DOCSIS specifications. By way of example, Plaintiff's Complaint discusses and describes various items of cable equipment that are DOCSIS compliant, including cable modems and cable modem termination systems. Plaintiff's Complaint further references as exhibits charts that both compare one or more claims within the Asserted Patents to various DOCSIS compliant equipment provided by DOCSIS Licensors like ARRIS, Broadcom, Pace, Samsung and/or Technicolor, as well as reference various aspects of DOCSIS.

298.

305. Plaintiff's averments directly implicate the DOCSIS specifications. For example, the '775 Patent concerns a cable modem system with a cable modem engine including a "DOCSIS controller" and a "DOCSIS MAC processor," each of which are addressed in DOCSIS. Plaintiff's accusations focus on DOCSIS-compliant cable modems, set top boxes, and other equipment as evidenced in Exhibit 2 of Plaintiff's Complaint. The '690 and '682 Patents relate to messaging and communications between a Cable Modem Termination System and a Cable Modem, which is

addressed in DOCSIS and which items are addressed in Exhibits 4 and 12 of Plaintiff's Complaint.

306. Plaintiff has also provided its infringement contentions that rely upon

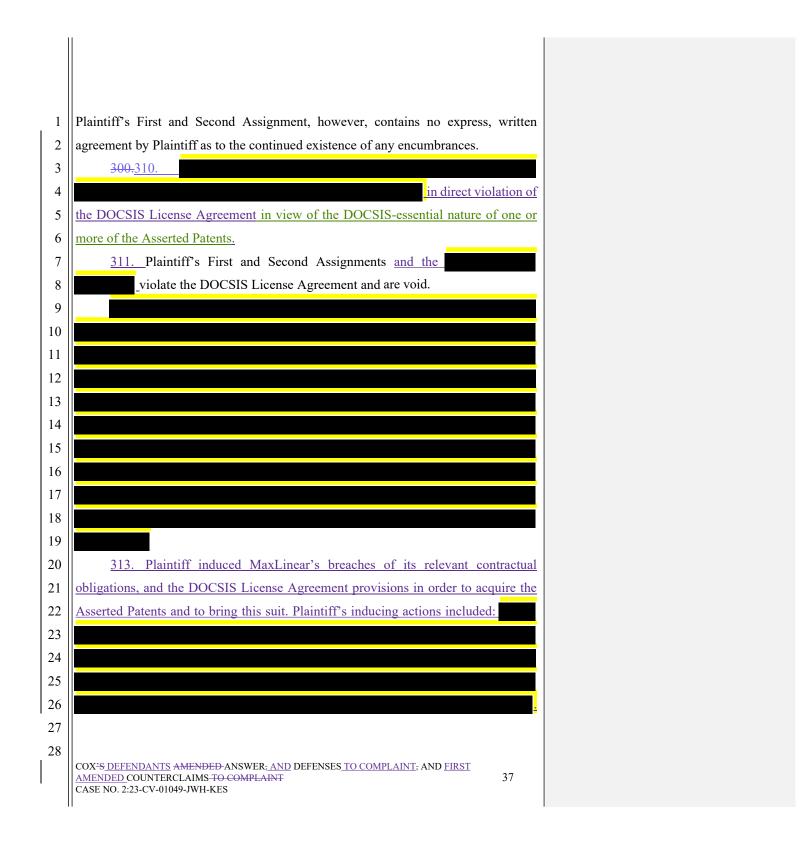
DOCSIS-compliant equipment and/or DOCSIS functionalities. Based upon Plaintiff's averments in its Complaint, Plaintiff's infringement contentions and/or the DOCSIS specifications themselves, one or more claims from at least the '008, '826 and/or '690 Patents, are essential for compliance with the DOCSIS specifications. And, as to the '775 and '682 patents, at least in light of Plaintiff's contentions and because the '775 patent has claims specifically to DOCSIS components and the '682 patent claims messaging addressed in DOCSIS, each of those patents plausibly may contain one or more claims that are essential to DOCSIS.

307. Additionally, Plaintiff has claimed that it holds "patents essential to standards, in accordance with the applicable intellectual property rights policies of relevant standards bodies..." Plaintiff's correspondence further included a list of patents, which list includes the Asserted Patents.

299.308. Neither the nor Plaintiff's First and Second Assignments concerning the Asserted Patents do not includes any provisions assuming the obligations MaxLinear incurred under the DOCSIS License Agreements, including an acknowledgement that MaxLinear previously granted perpetual, royalty free and irrevocable licenses thereunder.

309. Plaintiff's First and Second Assignments, in fact, purport to assign "all right, title, and interest" to the relevant Asserted Patents and to make such assignment "free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances other than those" Plaintiff "expressly agreed in writing will continue to encumber the Patent Rights after execution and delivery of this Assignment of Patent Rights." See Exhibits C, D.-

⁸ Complaint, CA No. 2:23-cv-01049-JWH-KES, at Ex. 17.



314. Plaintiff additionally did not and has not, honored royalty-free licenses 1 it issued to the relevant patents consistent with the DOCSIS License Agreement. 2 3 315. But for MaxLinear's contractual breaches and Plaintiff's improper actions in inducing such breaches, this case would not have been filed. 4 5 316. Cox invested substantial money and resources in connection with supporting DOCSIS standards development and purchasing, implementing and using 6 7 DOCSIS-compliant equipment, in reliance on the royalty-free patent license applicable to essential DOCSIS patents. MaxLinear received substantial benefits from 8 9 Cox's support of DOCSIS in that the market for DOCSIS compliant equipment expanded and MaxLinear was able to develop, market and sell its own DOCSIS 10 products. 11 317. MaxLinear's and Plaintiff's actions have resulted in Cox not receiving 12 the intended benefits of the DOCSIS licenses and standards, including the 13 14 15 But for the breach and induced breach of the DOCSIS License, 16 Plaintiff could not have asserted ownership of the relevant patents, or any entitlement 17 to damages or royalties given the relevant provisions. MaxLinear's breach Cox has 18 19 caused Cox to be forced to defend, and incur significant costs in so defending, an action concerning DOCSIS-essential patents that are not owned or ownable by 20 21 Plaintiff, and as to which the DOCSIS License Agreement bars any suit. 22 **Count I: Breach of Contract by MaxLinear** 23 302.319. Cox realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations of its counterclaims. 25 303.320. As discussed above, MaxLinear joined the DOCSIS patent pools and granted CableLabs a non-exclusive, royalty-free license, with the right to 26 27 sublicense, to all current and future patents owned by it or its affiliates essential for 28 COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 38 CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

compliance with DOCSIS. MaxLinear's license encompassed each and every one of the Asserted Patents that is essential to compliance with DOCSIS.

304.321. Cox's suppliers of cable equipment who were also DOCSIS Licensors obtained from CableLabs a non-transferable worldwide, non-exclusive, royalty-free license under all patents CableLabs had the right to license or sublicense, including the Asserted Patents, to the extent necessary for compliance with DOCSIS.

305.322. Pursuant to the DOCSIS License Agreements, Cox is sublicensed to the Asserted Patents to the extent necessary to practice DOCSIS. Alternatively, A as purchasers or users of products that comply with the DOCSIS Specifications and are provided by suppliers who are DOCSIS licensors, Cox is an intended third-party beneficiary of the DOCSIS License Agreements. Accordingly, the applicable Asserted Patents, including at least the '775, '690, '008, '826 and/or '682 patents, are licensed or exhausted such that no action on those patents can be maintained against Cox.

306-323. MaxLinear breached its contractual obligations under the DOCSIS License Agreement and its obligations to ensure that Cox and other licensees or purchasers therefrom received a perpetual, non-exclusive, irrevocable and royalty free license, such that Cox could operate applicable licensed products free of any claim of infringement based on MaxLinear's licensed patents.

307.324. MaxLinear has breached its contractual obligations by engaging in at least the following actions: (a) accepting an interest in an outcome of this suit accusing Cox of infringing the Asserted Patents despite knowing of the prior grant of licenses to patents essential or included in DOCSIS; (b) breaching the DOCSIS License Agreements by attempting to assign the Asserted Patents free of any encumbrances; and (c) transferring patents to Entropic without ensuring that Entropic would honor MaxLinear's royalty-free licensing obligations as a purported successor-

in-interest, and making such transfers despite knowledge that Entropic aimed to bring 1 2 suits and/or pursue additional and unlawful payments in violation of MaxLinear's 3 4 325. As a result of these breaches, Cox has been injured in their business or 5 property, and has suffered and will continue to suffer damages. 326. Cox seeks a finding that, in view of MaxLinear's breaches, any 6 7 agreement purporting to assign the Asserted Patents is void. Count II: Declaratory Judgment that Assignments Are Void 8 9 327. Cox realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations of its counterclaims. 10 328. As detailed above, one or more of the Asserted Patents are essential to 11 DOCSIS and the DOCSIS License 12 13 14 15 16 17 308. Plaintiff has brought suit claiming to own, through its illegal, improper 18 and void assignments, the Asserted Patents. As a result, there is a substantial 19 controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance of a 20 21 declaratory judgment voiding the agreements assigning the Asserted Patents to 22 Plaintiff. 23 Count III: Tortious Interference with Contract Against Entropic 24 Cox realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing 25 allegations of its counterclaims. 310.330. As discussed above, MaxLinear contractually provided an 26 27 irrevocable, royalty-free and non-exclusive license to CableLabs, with the right to 28 COX'S <u>DEFENDANTS</u> <u>AMENDED</u>-ANSWER<u>, AND</u> <u>DEFENSES</u> <u>TO COMPLAINT</u>, AND <u>FIRST</u> AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 40 CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

sublicense, any patents, including the Asserted Patents, essential to compliance with DOCSIS. MaxLinear further agreed that its obligations under the relevant agreement could not be transferred and, if so, were void. Cox was and remains a known and intended beneficiary of these promises.

311.331. Entropic was aware of MaxLinear's obligations under the DOCSIS license agreements. Nevertheless, Entropic induced a breach of MaxLinear's contractual obligations by inducing MaxLinear to attempt to assign various patents for Entropic to enforce and for Entropic to seek damages, despite Entropic's awareness that one or more such patents may be essential to compliance with DOCSIS. As a result of Entropic's actions, MaxLinear breached its contractual obligations.

312.332. As a result of Entropic's inducement of these breaches, Cox has been injured in their business or property, and has suffered and will continue to suffer damages.

Count IVH: Alternative Claim of Ouasi-Contract for Restitution / Unjust Enrichment Against MaxLinear

313.333. Cox realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations of its counterclaims.

314.334. As discussed above, MaxLinear received multiple benefits from participating in DOCSIS development and interacting with CableLabs, cable industry and cable operators like Cox. MaxLinear was able, among other benefits, to develop, deploy, market, make, and sell various DOCSIS compliant equipment to the cable industry free of any claim of infringement by other vendors via the DOCSIS License Agreements.

315.335. MaxLinear also received the ability to learn of draft and actual DOCSIS specifications, the future progress of cable industry technology and the potential innovations important to the cable industry. These benefits further assisted

MaxLinear in developing, securing and ultimately monetizing patents, including the 1 2 Asserted Patents. 3 336. The benefits MaxLinear received were obtained as a result of its false, misleading and/or mistaken representations and requests. MaxLinear made false 4 5 representations, including misrepresenting to the public via its securities filings that its conduct was governed by standards bodies rules and regulations, and that 6 7 continued compliance with such standards bodies rules and regulations were critical to its business. To gain the benefit of DOCSIS standardization so that its component 8 9 products could interoperate with the products of larger customers so as to participate in the market for DOCSIS products, MaxLinear additionally misled and 10 misrepresented to cable industry participants including Cox that 11 12 13 14 337. The MaxLinear's conduct in breaching its obligations and affirmatively seeking to divest 15 key encumbrances, demonstrate the false and misleading nature of MaxLinear's prior 16 statements and actions. 17 338. These actions by MaxLinear created, at minimum, a quasi-contract that 18 19 MaxLinear has now breached by retaining the benefits conferred unjustly. 20 MaxLinear received the unjustly retainedse benefits at Cox's 21 expense. Cox devoted substantial resources, money and effort to support DOCSIS 22 standardization, as well as to purchase and deploy DOCSIS-compliant equipment. 23 Cox understood and expected that 24 25 . By instead transferring the Asserted 26 27 Patents to Plaintiff, MaxLinear has created additional expense and uncertainty for Cox 28 COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 42 CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

and its business, while retaining benefits that it unjustly earned through its false and misleading actions and statements.

317.340. Equity and good conscience accordingly demands that MaxLinear disgorge and provide restitution of any and all monies and profits from MaxLinear's unjust enrichment.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Cox respectfully asks this Court for the following relief:

- A. That the Complaint against Cox be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice;
- B. That this Court find that all claims of the Asserted Patents that Plaintiff has asserted or will properly assert against Cox are invalid and patent ineligible pursuant to Title 35 of the United States Code;
- C. That this Court find that Cox has not infringed and does not infringe, in any manner, any valid and enforceable asserted claim of any Asserted Patent;
- D. That this Court find the asserted claims of the Asserted Patents unenforceable against Cox;
- E. That Plaintiff take nothing by reason of its Complaint;
- F. That MaxLinear breached its contractual obligations and/or was unjustly enriched such that this Court shall award Cox appropriate damages and equitable relief;
- G. That Entropic induced and intentionally interfered with contractual relations and award Cox appropriate damages and equitable relief;
- That this Court declare as void any agreement attempting to assign the Asserted Patents in violation of the IPR Policy;

1	IThat this Court find that this is an exceptional case under
2	35 U.S.C. § 285 and award Cox its reasonable attorneys'
3	fees, expenses, and costs incurred in this action; and
4	<u>J</u> I Any such other relief as the Court deems to be just and proper.
5	Dated: January 9, 2024October 12, 2023 KILPATRICK TOWNSEND &
6	STOCKTON LLP
7	By: <u>/s/ April E. Isaacson</u>
8	KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP
9	April E. Isaacson aisaacson@kilpatricktownsend.com
10	aisaacson@kilpatricktownsend.com Two Embarcadero Center, Suite 1900 San Francisco CA 94111
11	(415) 273 8306
12	Rishi Gupta (SBN 313079) rgupta@kilpatricktownsend.com
13	Sarah Y. Kamran skamran@kilpatricktownsend.com 1801 Century Park East, Suite 2300
14	Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733
15	Mitchell G. Stockwell
16 17	mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Vaibhav P. Kadaba
18	wkadaba@kilpatricktownsend.com
19	mturton@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere
20	mturton@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah
21	1100 Peachtree Street, NE, Suite 2800
22	Atlanta GA 30309 (404) 815 6500
23	Attorneys for Defendants and Counter Claimants
24	Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications
25	California, LLC
26	
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	COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED ANSWER, AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT, AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT 44 CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES

1		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
2	2	Cox hereby demands a jury trial, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), as to all
3	3	issues that may be tried by a jury.
. 4	.	
5	5	Dated: <u>January 9, 2024October 12, 2023</u> KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP
e	5	319 321 32 · <u>22</u> 1
7	,	By: /s/ April E. Isaacson
8	3	KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP
ç)	April E. Isaacson aisaacson@kilpatricktownsend.com
10)	aisaacson@kilpatricktownsend.com Two Embarcadero Center, Suite 1900 San Francisco CA 94111
. 11		(415) 273 8306
12	2	Rishi Gupta (SBN 313079) rgupta@kilpatricktownsend.com
13	3	Sarah Y. Kamran skamran@kilpatricktownsend.com 1801 Century Park East, Suite 2300
14	1	Los Angeles CA 90067 (310) 777 3733
15	5	
16	5	Mitchell G. Stockwell mstockwell@kilpatricktownsend.com Vaibhav P. Kadaba
17	7	wkadaba@kilpatricktownsend.com Michael J. Turton
18	3	
19)	cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S Leah
20		mturton@kilpatricktownsend.com Courtney S. Dabbiere cdabbiere@kilpatricktownsend.com Christopher S. Leah cleah@kilpatricktownsend.com 1100 Peachtree Street, NE, Suite 2800 Atlanta GA 30309
21		Atlanta GA 30309 (404) 815 6500
22		Attorneys for Defendants-and Counter Claimants
23		Cox Communications, Inc.; CoxCom, LLC; and Cox Communications
24		California, LLC
25		
26 27		
28	>	COX'S DEFENDANTS AMENDED-ANSWER; AND DEFENSES TO COMPLAINT; AND FIRST AMENDED COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT CASE NO. 2:23-CV-01049-JWH-KES 45